

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

1. (Withdrawn) A method for producing a porous film, comprising the steps of casting a polymer solution comprising a polymer onto a substrate to form a film; and subjecting the film to phase conversion to thereby form a porous film, wherein the polymer constituting the porous film has a surface tension  $S_a$  [mN/m], wherein the substrate has a surface tension  $S_b$  [mN/m], and wherein  $S_a$  and  $S_b$  satisfy the following condition:  $S_a - S_b \geq -10$ .

2. (Withdrawn) The method for producing a porous film according to claim 1, further comprising the steps of casting a solution mixture as the polymer solution onto the substrate to form a film, and subjecting the film to phase conversion by bringing the film to a solidifying liquid to thereby form a porous film, the solution mixture comprising 8 to 25 percent by weight of a polymer component for constituting the porous film, 10 to 50 percent by weight of a water-soluble polymer, 0 to 10 percent by weight of water and 30 to 82 percent by weight of a water-soluble polar solvent.

3. (Withdrawn) The method for producing a porous film according to one of claims 1 and 2, further comprising the steps of holding the cast film in an atmosphere at a relative humidity of 70% to 100% and a temperature of 15°C to 90°C for 0.2 to 15 minutes, and bringing the film to a solidifying liquid comprising a nonsolvent for the polymer component.

4. (Currently amended) A porous film having a large number of continuous micropores, wherein the film has a thickness of 5 to 200  $\mu\text{m}$ , has an average surface pore size  $A$  of ~~0.01~~ 0.7

to 10  $\mu\text{m}$  and an average ~~rate-of-surface-hole-area~~ surface porosity C and has an average inside pore size B and an average ~~rate-of-inside-hole-area~~ inside porosity D, wherein the ratio A/B of A to B is in the range of 0.3 to 3, and wherein the ratio C/D of C to D is in the range of 0.7 to 1.5, and wherein a polymer component forming the film comprises at least one selected from a group of amide-imide polymers, imide polymers, polyethersulfones, polysulfones, acrylic polymers or cellulose acetate.

5. (Currently amended) A porous film having a large number of continuous micropores, wherein the film has a thickness of 5 to 200  $\mu\text{m}$ , has an average pore size  $A^1$  of ~~0.01~~ 0.7 to 10  $\mu\text{m}$  at one surface, an average pore size  $A^2$  of ~~0.01~~ 0.7 to 10  $\mu\text{m}$  at the other surface, an average ~~rate-of-hole-area~~ porosity  $C^1$  of 48% or more at one surface, and an average ~~rate-of-hole-area~~ porosity  $C^2$  of 48% or more at the other surface, wherein the ratio  $A^1/A^2$  of  $A^1$  to  $A^2$  is in the range of 0.3 to 3, and wherein the ratio  $C^1/C^2$  of  $C^1$  to  $C^2$  is in the range of 0.7 to 1.5, and wherein a polymer component forming the film comprises at least one selected from a group of amide-imide polymers, imide polymers, polyethersulfones, polysulfones, acrylic polymers or cellulose acetate.